

# Early detection and treatment of TB in Europe May 2016 – May 2019

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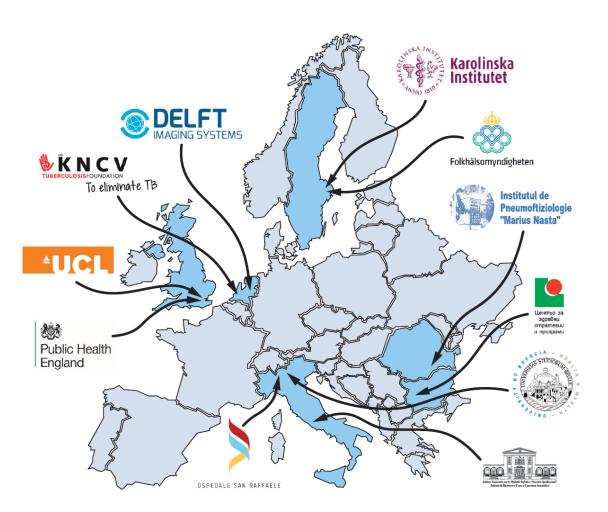


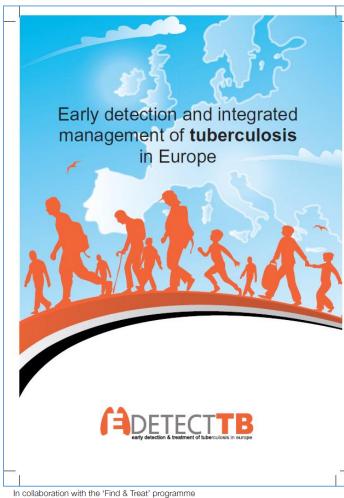
#### Outline

- 1. Background and context
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Methods
- 4. Work package 4 (outreach activities in Eastern Europe)
- Expected outcomes
- Tools planned



#### The E-DETECT TB consortium











#### What is E-DETECT TB about?



# "A practical programme of translational research"

It brings partners together, share their experiences and exploit new technologies and advances in knowledge to TB control.

# Vision, goal and targets 2035 (= DETECTTB early detection & treatment of tuberculosis in europe

Vision: A world free of TB

Zero TB deaths, Zero TB disease, and Zero TB suffering

Goal: End the Global TB epidemic (<10 cases per

100,000)

Target 1











95% reduction in deaths due to TB (compared with 2015)

90% reduction in TB incidence rate (compared with 2015)

No affected families face catastrophic costs due to TB



# Background TB in EU/EEA

- High burden of 60,195 cases reported in 30 EU/EEA countries in 2016
  - Slow decline 3.8% per year in the last five years
  - 4.1% multidrug resistant (MDR) TB
  - Romania accounted for 25% of all cases
- 2. Vulnerable groups at risk for TB
  - Migrants
  - Prisoners
  - People using illicit drugs
  - Homeless people
  - People living with HIV





# **Objectives**

- 1. To ensure **early diagnosis** in vulnerable populations-defined as **homeless individuals, Roma, those with a history of drug use** within the community, **and prisoners**-in two high incidence European countries (Romania and Bulgaria). (WP4)
- To strengthen care integration using an outreach strategy within the same vulnerable populations in Romania. (WP4)



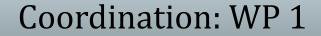
# **Objectives**

- To evaluate approaches for migrant TB detection and improve European cross-border management by:
  - a) early detection and care integration in individuals arriving via the Mediterranean Sea in Italy using innovative molecular testing at immigration reception centres and novel latent TB tests. (WP5)
  - b) ensuring **cross-border** transfer of information and referral of patients. (WP5)
  - c) collating, analysing and evaluating multi-country data on TB and LTBI screening in **migrants** to low-incidence countries to inform effective strategies. (WP6)
- 4. To support the development of **action plans** in Member States by adapting best practice approaches. (WP7)





# Methods: Work packages



#### Dissemination: WP 2

WP 4 Outreach: Community and **Prisons Screening** (Romania, **Bulgaria**)

WP 5 Migrants: Screening in Italy WP 6 Migrants: Learning from multi-country database

WP 7 Planning: Strengthening national TB programmes/ Action plan development







# Work package 4

- Project in Romania (and pilot in Bulgaria). Note: built on previous experience in Rotterdam and London (Find & Treat project)
- Screening with a mobile van/unit
  - with digital x-ray and computer automated reading (CAD4TB)
  - and molecular tests (Xpert MTB/RIF)









# Work package 4 – Mobile van







# Work package 4 – Training

Pulmonologists May 2017



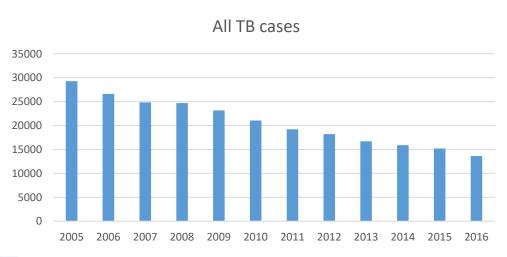


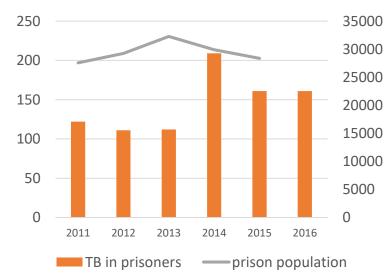
Field visit (London) September 2017



### Work package 4: Target populations

- Prisoners (those with TB: 2% die; 4% default treatment)
- People using illicit drugs (those with TB: 16% die; 20% default treatment; 86% is HIV co-infected)
- Homeless people (those with TB: 20% die; 24% default treatment)
- Roma







# Work package 4: Integrated care

#### One-stop 'shop'

- Accompanied referral (with peer support)
- Treatment by the National TB Programme
- Treatment support (with directly or video observed treatment;
   DOT VOT)
- Psychosocial support
  - Housing
  - Addiction
  - Mental health
  - Destitution/poverty
  - Criminal justice
- Collaboration with partners





# Work package 4: Collaboration

- Collaboration
  - with healthcare and other providers (Prison authorities ANP, ARAS, Caroussel, Save the Children, etc.)
  - with communities (Roma population)
  - with peers
- Opportunities for integrated testing and care coordination (move from Mobile X-ray Unit (MXU) to Mobile Health Unit (MHU)
  - Blood-born viruses (HIV/Hepatitis)
  - Addiction → Recovery



## Expected outcome

#### WP4: Outreach activity in Romania and Bulgaria

- Number of active TB cases detected using MXU in Romania and Bulgaria
- Number of patients treated in Romania and Bulgaria

#### WP5: Implement and evaluate migrant TB detection in Italy

- Number of latent and active TB cases detected in migrants in Italy
- Linkage to care among detected migrants in Italy

#### WP6: Creating a database listing active and latent TB cases

Multi-country data platforms for (latent) TB established and analysed

#### **WP7: Strengthening national TB programmes**

A TB strategy prioritisation, action and support plan developed





# Tools planned

#### Questionnaires

 WP4: mobile screening data, supported referral and clinical outcome and WP5: latent and active TB

#### Diagnostics

ULTRA (test), OMNI (portable platform), QFT plus, Teleradiology + CAD4TB

#### Databases

- WP4: digital x-ray, screening data, clinical data, microbiology results, outcome data
- WP5 & 6: Latent TB screening database, Active TB screening database

#### Trainings

 WP4: MXU training, WP5: screening training, WP2: overall dissemination training package

#### Reports and Survey

Interim and final reports, evaluation report (including cost-effectiveness),
 country specific reports, peer reviewed papers from each WP and survey in WP7





# Thank you for listening!









#### Università degli Studi di Brescia









